Welcome to the Quarter 2 edition of the P&D MI Report

This report provides a quarterly overview of changes in the Police Scotland workforce, identifying areas of improvement and areas where HR intervention may be required.

Exclusions

Quarterly breakdowns of protected characteristics other than sex and age – discussions are ongoing between SWP and E&D teams to move to GDPRcompliant dashboarding of other protected characteristics of the workforce.

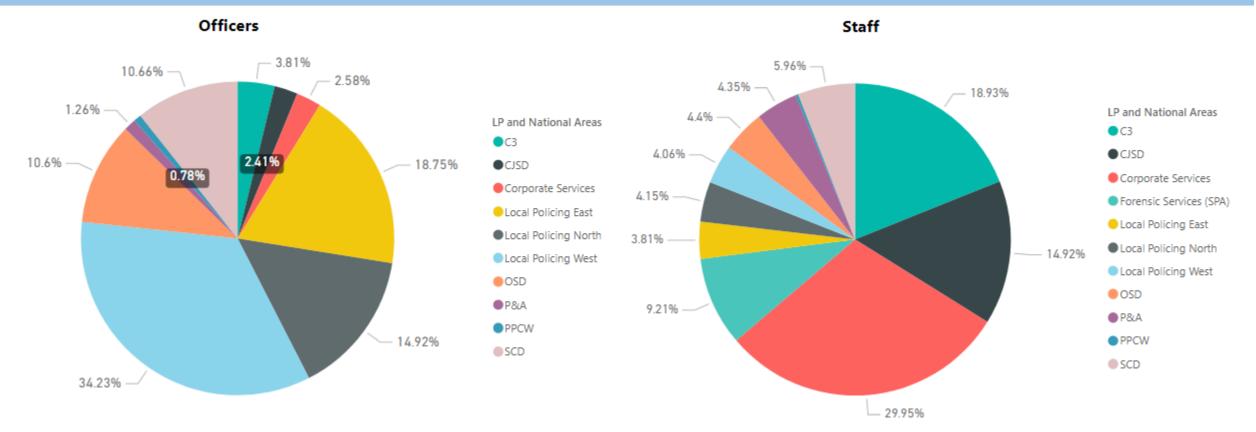
Recent Developments

A number of dashboards have been added to the live dashboard suite specifically for Force Executive and P&D Tier 2 use, with the aim of informing strategic decisions particularly within recruitment & transfers, promotions & training, and absence management & wellbeing. This brings our total online dashboarding suite to more than 100 individual dashboards.

SPA Corporate and Forensics are now treated as a Division in our data set and reported in all slides. This has resulted in movement of previously reported Q1 metrics for the Staff cohort – all Q1 values given in this report for comparison purposes now include SPA Corporate and Forensics Services within the Staff group, which will vary from previously published data.



FTE and Distribution



17,172.29 FTE (-58.63 FTE on Q1)

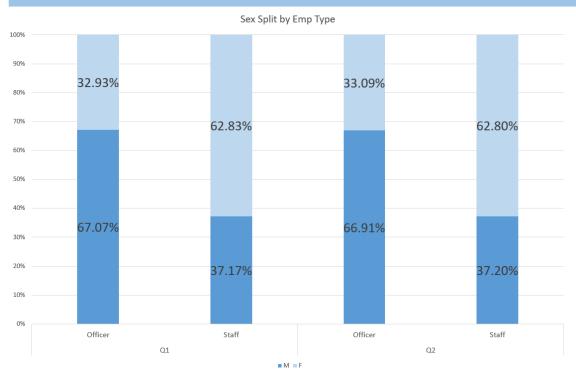
5,159.15 FTE (+44.33 FTE on Q1)

523.52 FTE SPA Corporate & Forensics (-6.28 FTE on Q1)

FTE and Distribution Change Since Q1 21/22

Officers				
		Q2 Change -		
	Q2 Change -	Workforce		
Area	FTE	Proportion		
C3	-8.69	-0.04%		
CJSD	6.99	0.05%		
CSD	30.19	0.19%		
LP East	-5.96	0.03%		
LP North	23.17	0.18%		
LP West	-37.27	-0.10%		
OSD	-53.03	-0.27%		
P&A	0.14	0.01%		
PPCW	3.02	0.02%		
SCD	-17.2	-0.06%		

Staff			
		Q2 Change -	
	Q2 Change -	Workforce	
Area	FTE	Proportion	
C3	6.56	-0.01%	
CJSD	14.86	0.17%	
CSD	15.35	0.07%	
SPA	-6.28	-0.18%	
LP East	-2.67	-0.08%	
LP North	1.58	0.00%	
LP West	-5.66	-0.13%	
OSD	-2.78	-0.08%	
P&A	17.14	0.28%	
PPCW	-	-	
SCD	-0.07	-0.04%	



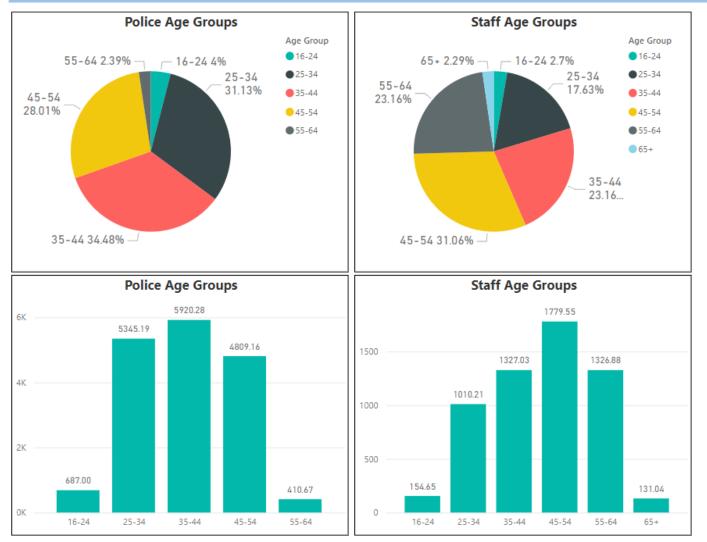
Sex Profile

Sex	F	-	N	۱	To	tal
Personal rank	FTE	%	FTE	%	FTE	%
PC	3456.69	32.43%	7201.98	67.57%	10658.66	100.00%
DC	1035.02	39.47%	1587.43	60.53%	2622.46	100.00%
PS	489.29	26.56%	1353.13	73.44%	1842.43	100.00%
DS	221.78	31.48%	482.81	68.52%	704.59	100.00%
PI	165.86	26.51%	459.75	73.49%	625.61	100.00%
DI	68.55	24.61%	210.00	75.39%	278.55	100.00%
CI	49.00	27.68%	128.00	72.32%	177.00	100.00%
DCI	13.00	17.81%	60.00	82.19%	73.00	100.00%
SUP	31.00	32.63%	64.00	67.37%	95.00	100.00%
DSU	12.00	28.57%	30.00	71.43%	42.00	100.00%
CS	6.00	19.35%	25.00	80.65%	31.00	100.00%
DCS	3.00	37.50%	5.00	62.50%	8.00	100.00%
ACC	1.00	10.00%	9.00	90.00%	10.00	100.00%
DCC	1.00	33.33%	2.00	66.67%	3.00	100.00%
СС			1.00	100.00%	1.00	100.00%
Total	5553.19	32.34%	11619.11	67.66%	17172.29	100.00%

	Female Officer % of Rank		
Total Rank	Q1	Q2	
РС	33.65%	33.82%	
PS	27.60%	27.92%	
PI	25.39%	25.93%	
CI	25.38%	24.80%	
SUP	29.32%	31.39%	
CS	25.64%	23.08%	

Female representation has increased at all ranks with the exception of CI and CS, which have decreased.

Both workforce groups have shifted positively toward balance. The proportion of female officers has increased by **0.16%**, and the proportion of male staff members has increased by **0.03%**.



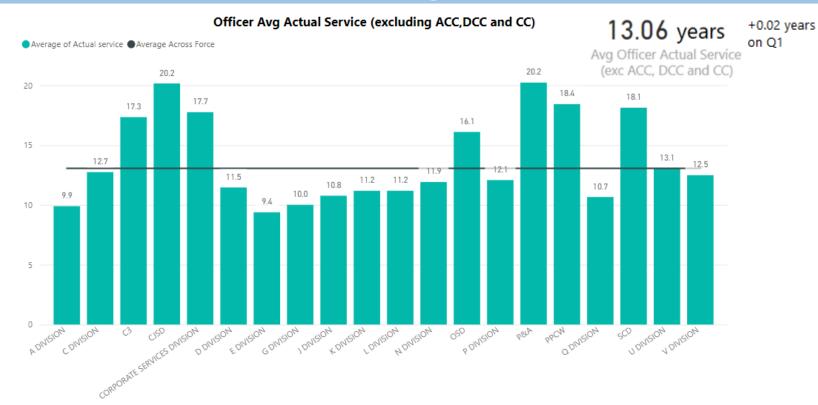
Age Profile



Average Officer age has slightly increased (+0.05 years) since Q1.

Average Staff Age has very slightly decreased (**-0.01** years) since Q1.





Local Policing Divisions can be expected to trend lower than the forcewide average, as these are the entry points for new officers. National Services tend to trend above the forcewide average.

Areas demonstrating continuing travel away from (+/-) the forcewide average are highlighted yellow in the table above right.

	Variance from average	
Local Area/Division	Q1	Q2
A DIVISION	-23.14%	-24.22%
C DIVISION	-2.95%	-2.44%
С3	32.99%	32.77%
CJSD	54.33%	54.33%
CORPORATE SERVICES DIVISION	39.74%	35.92%
D DIVISION	-11.80%	-12.25%
E DIVISION	-28.38%	-28.15%
G DIVISION	-23.49%	-23.34%
J DIVISION	-17.55%	-17.54%
K DIVISION	-14.36%	-14.38%
L DIVISION	-14.39%	-14.36%
N DIVISION	-8.30%	-8.74%
OSD	22.64%	23.30%
P DIVISION	-7.71%	-7.53%
P&A	55.87%	54.89%
PPCW	40.21%	41.10%
Q DIVISION	-18.93%	-18.36%
SCD	38.84%	38.79%
U DIVISION	-0.42%	0.22%
V DIVISION	-6.12%	-4.41%

Leavers – Q2 2021/22



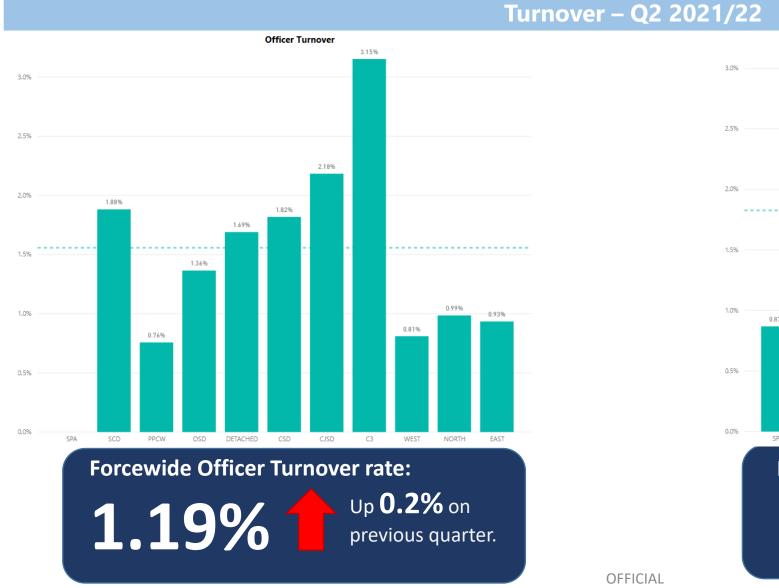
Up 33 (19.08%)

on previous quarter

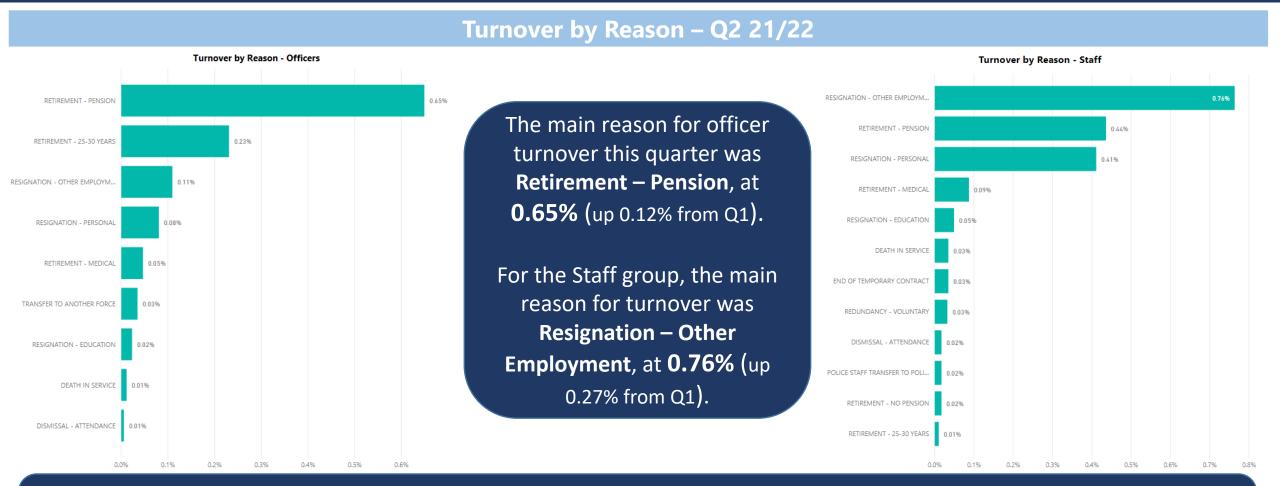


Staff Leavers - Headcount

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Retirement remains the main reason for Officer attrition over the last 12 months, at a combined **2.84%** turnover. Retirement is also the main reason for Staff attrition over the last 12 months, at a combined **2.35%** turnover. Turnover is rising towards pre-pandemic levels, now **4.59%** (+0.14% since Q1) organisation-wide over the last 12 months.

Projected vs Actual Officer Retirals – Q2 21/22

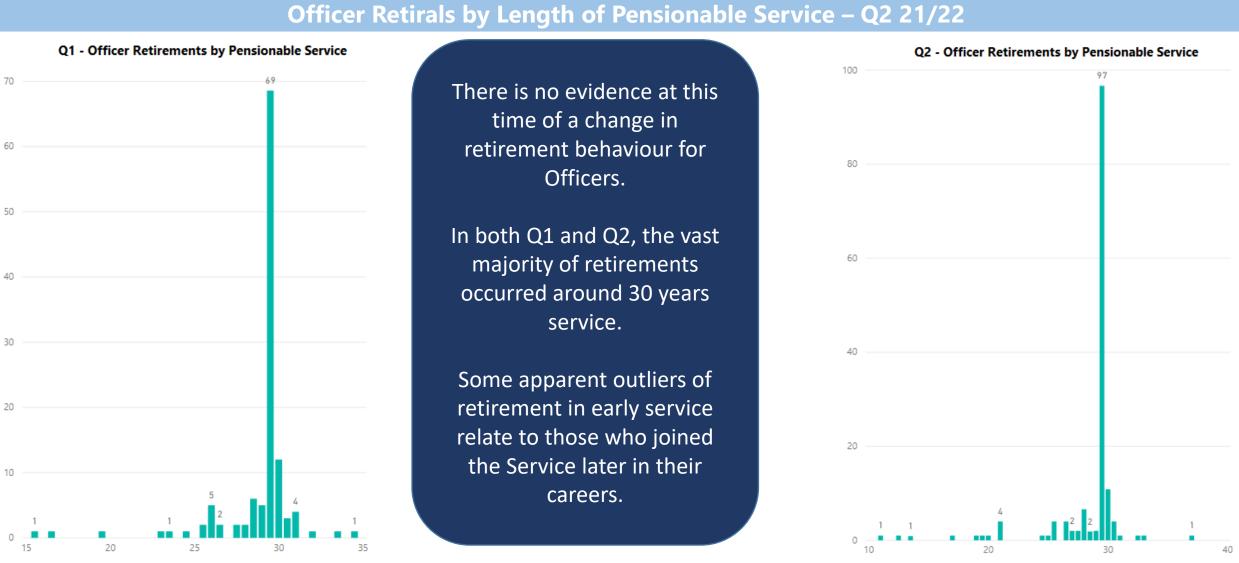
100 90 85 81 80 70 59 51 50 43 40 40 30 24 20 10 June July Aug Sept Projected Actual Eligible Retained (Running)

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Q2 Projected vs Actual Officer Retirals

Actual Officer retirements have outpaced projections by between **27%** and **79%** during Q2 (between **+11** and **+19** more than projected)

Typically 80 Officers eligible for retirement choose to remain in service during any month. This has been higher than normal during the pandemic, and has begun to decrease during Q2.



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Projected Officer Retirals – Q3 21/22

Q3 Projected Officer Retirals (Headcount) 25 20 20 19 19 12 10 Oct Nov Dec

■ PC ■ PS ■ PI ■ CI ■ SUP ■ CS ■ ACC

A total of **129** Officers are projected to reach full pension eligibility during Q3, based on attaining 30 years service.

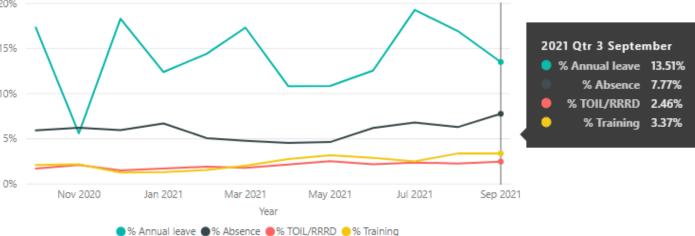
This is still currently the best predictor of officer retirement, but may be expected to change following the introduction of the pension remedy in April 2022.

Refinements of our data sets are currently underway to develop more nuanced retirement modelling.

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Total Sickness Absence – September snapshot





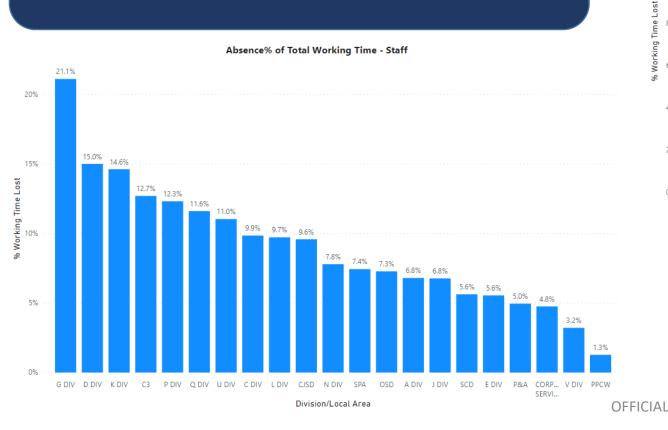


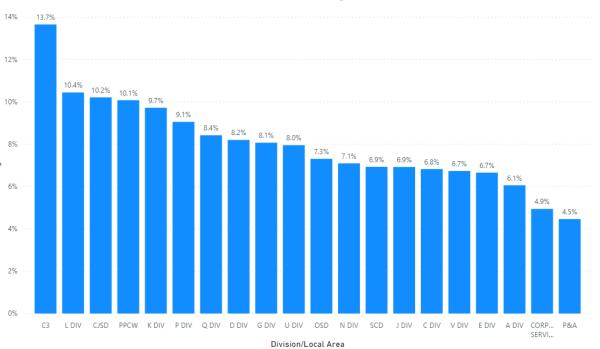
Up **0.86%** on end Q4

Monthly rates: Jul 8.14%, Aug 7.63%, Sept 8.77%

Total Sickness Absence by Business Area – Q2 21/22

C3 remains furthest over the forcewide average for lost working time for officers, at **13.7%** in Q2.



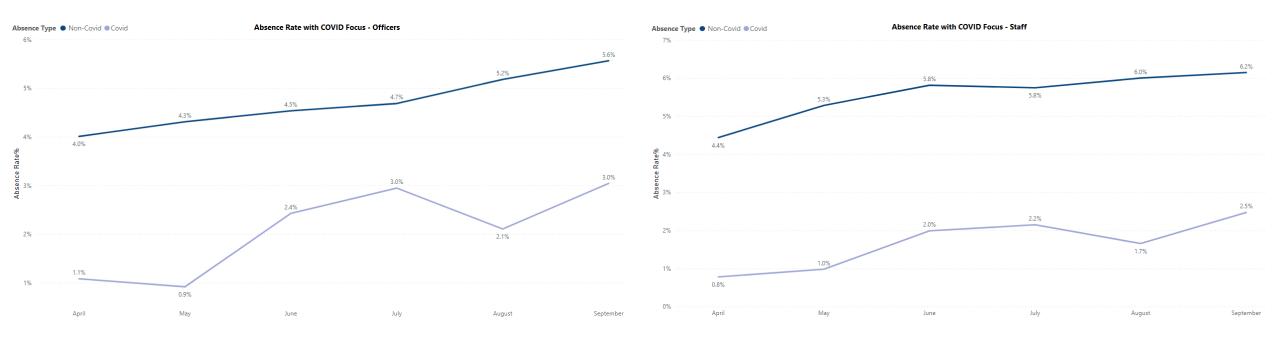


Absence% of Total Working Time - Officers

G division remains furthest over the forcewide average for lost working time for officers, at **21.1%** in Q2.

The small size of this cohort (80.12 FTE) should be noted when considering this increase.

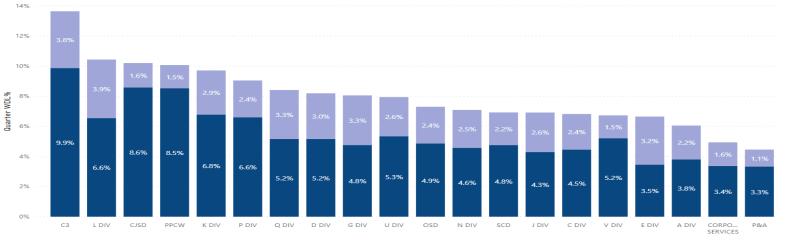
COVID and non-COVID Absence Rates Over Time



Non-COVID sickness absence has risen throughout the quarter, rising more steeply in the Officer group.

COVID-related absence dropped in August before rising again in September. Changes in the Officer group were more pronounced.





Absence Rate with COVID Focus - Officers

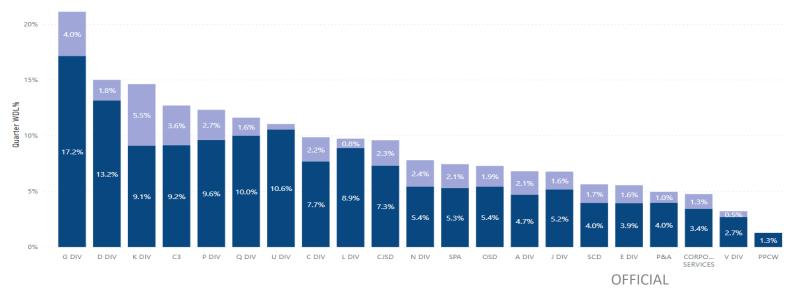
Absence Type

Non-Covid

Covid

Absence Type 💿 Non-Covid 🔍 Covid

Absence Rate with COVID Focus - Staff



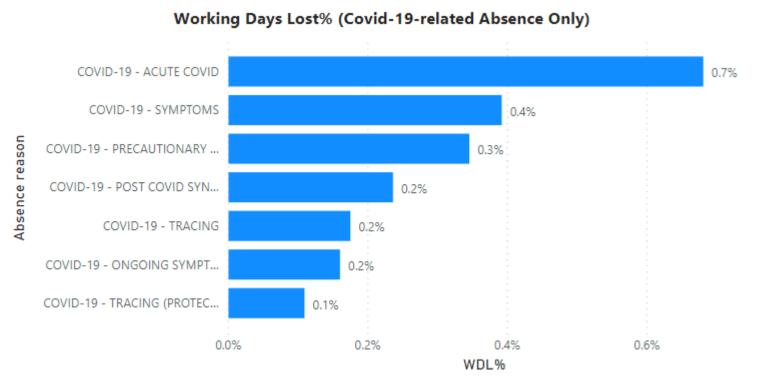
COVID absence rates increased across all areas within the Officer group and in most areas of the Staff group. This can be explained by the peak in positive cases in Scotland from mid-August to mid-September*.

Of note is a significant increase in Officer COVID absence in Q Division, from 1.3% in Q1 to 3.3% in Q2. This again is likely related to the ongoing high rate of community transmission in the Lanarkshire area during this quarter**.

* Source: Public Health Scotland interactive dashboard: Trends and demographics

**Source: Public Health Scotland interactive dashboard: Cases by neighbourhood 16

% of Total Working Days Lost to COVID by Reason – Q2 2021/22

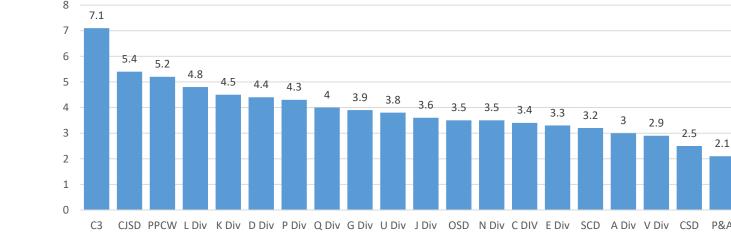


The largest number of working days lost to COVID in Q2 relate to the Acute COVID and COVID-19 Symptoms categories.

COVID-19 Tracing has reduced (-0.1%) this quarter following the exemption of emergency workers from self-isolation.

Days lost to **Post-COVID Syndrome** remains stable this quarter. 39 cases of Long COVID have been identified, and each have received letters relating to changes to COVID-related sick pay rules enacted from 18 October.

Sickness Absence – Average Working Days Lost (AWDL) – Q2 2021/22



Average Working Days Lost in Q2 - Officers

Forcewide AWDL to sickness was 4 days for Officers (up 1 day on Q1), with a 2.6:1.4 non-COVID:COVID split.

12.2

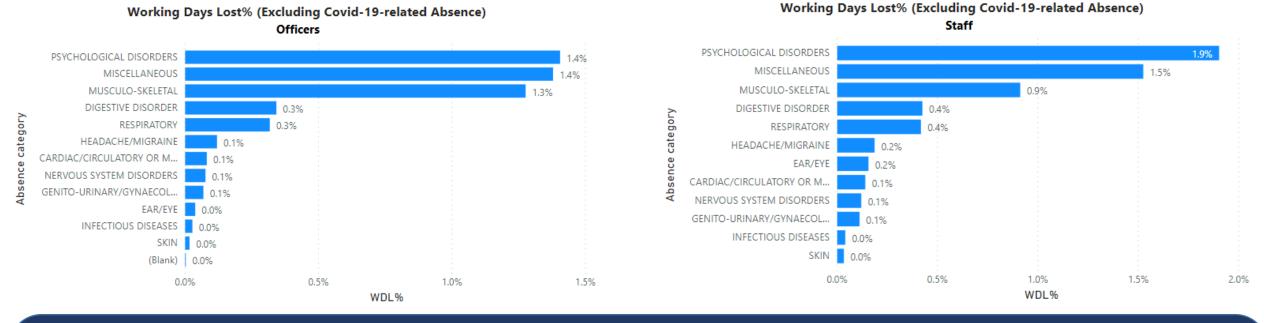
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Average Working Days Lost in Q2 - Staff



Forcewide AWDL to sickness was 4.8 days for Staff (up 0.8 days on Q1), with a 3.6:1.2 non-COVID:COVID split.

% of Total Working Days Lost to non-COVID Sickness by Reason – Q2 2021/22



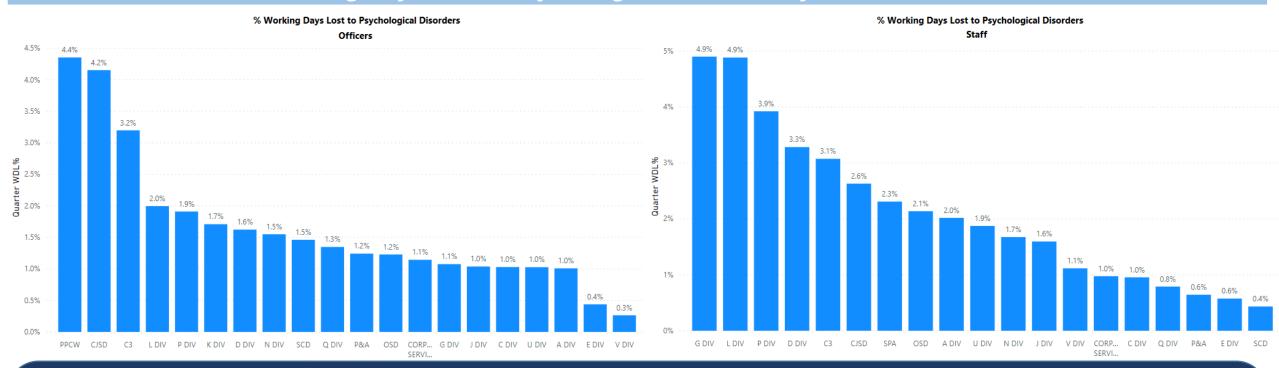
The main causes of non-COVID sickness absence are similar across both Officer and Staff groups.

Psychological Disorders was highest cause of sickness absence across both groups this quarter, with a slightly higher percentage of work days lost to this category of illness in the Staff group than in the Officer group.

The absence rate for Psychological Disorders has increased by 0.2% for Staff, and 0.3% for Officers since Q1.

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% of Total Working Days Lost to Psychological Disorders by Business Area – Q2 2021/22



PPCW, CJSD and C3 remain areas of highest Officer absence related to Psychological Disorders, as in Q1. This absence rate has remained stable in PPCW since Q1, and has risen by **1.1%** and **0.5%** respectively in CJSD and C3.

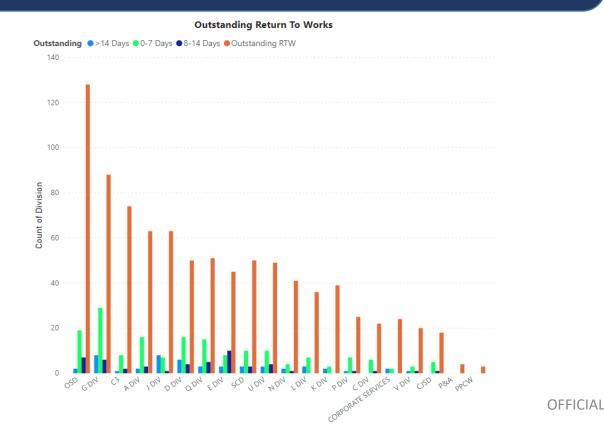
In the Staff group, small cohorts in Local Policing Divisions can result in significant swings in absence rates. Among the Divisions with the largest staff proportions, some increases in this absence type (CJSD +0.7%, C3 +0.4%) and some reductions (CSD, -0.1%) against Q1 levels are noted.

Outstanding Return to Work Interviews - Officers – September snapshot

Outstanding Return to Work Interviews

*893

Down **72 (7.4%)** on total of 965 as at end of Q1



275 return to work interviews were signed by line managers for absences that ended during Q2.

Of these :-

- 175 (64%) were completed within 7* days of return
- 50 (18%) were completed between 8 and 14 days after return
- 50 (18%) were completed more than 14 days after return

893 RTW interviews between 1 and 6 months old remain incomplete**.

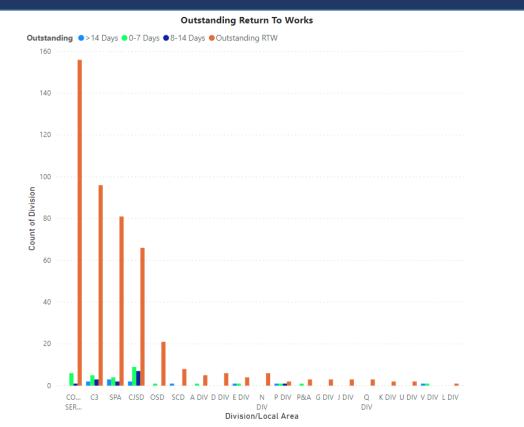
*There is currently no set timescale that RTW interviews have to be completed within, however the Attendance Management policy states these should be completed as soon as possible after the employee returns to work. **Movement between COVID absence categories creates a RTW interview requirement which may not be appropriate. 21

Outstanding Return to Work Interviews – Staff – September snapshot

Outstanding Return to Work Interviews

*468

Down **393 (45%)** on total of 861 at end of O1



55 return to work interviews were signed by line managers for absences that ended during Q2.

Of these :-

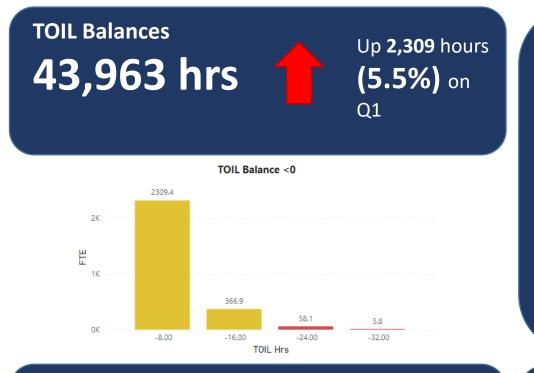
- 30 (55%) were completed within 7* days of • return
- 14 (25%) were completed between 8 and 14 ulletdays after return
- 11 (20%) were completed more than 14 days ulletafter return

468 RTW interviews between 1 and 6 months old remain incomplete**.

*There is currently no set timescale that RTW interviews have to be completed within, however the Attendance Management policy states these should be completed as soon as possible after the employee returns to work. **Movement between COVID absence categories creates a RTW interview requirement which may not be appropriate. 22

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TOIL & RRRD Balances – September snapshot



RRRD Balances Up **3,733** days ***53,948 days** (7.4%) on Q1

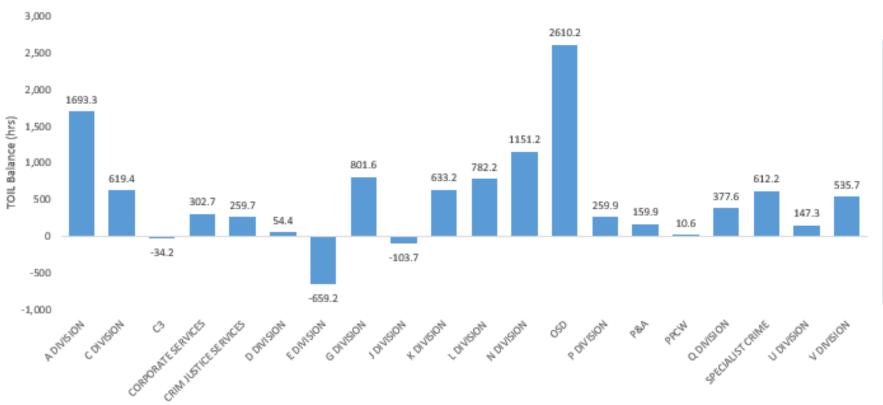
*Does not include agency staff or special constables

TOIL Balances currently stand at **10,214** hours for officers and **33,749** for staff, with an approximate total pay value of **£956,861.32**.

63.9 FTE hold negative TOIL balances in excess of 16 hours, the permitted limit as per Force Memo PS 034-21.

RRRD Balances currently stand at **51,481** RRRD for officers and **2,467** for staff, with an approximate total pay value of **£9,697,022.45**.

TOIL Balances by Business Area – Officers – September snapshot

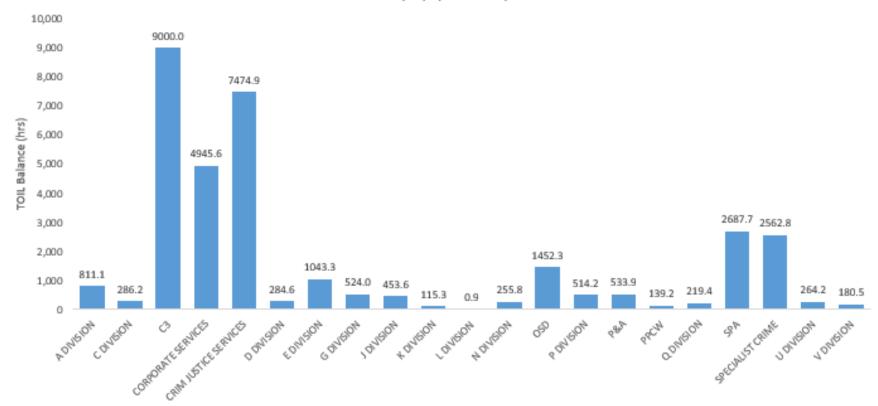


TOIL Balance (hrs) by Local Area/Division

The highest TOIL balance for officers remains in OSD, at 2610.2 hours.

The lowest TOIL balance remains in E Division, where officers currently appear to owe back 659.2 hours.

TOIL Balances by Business Area – Staff – September snapshot

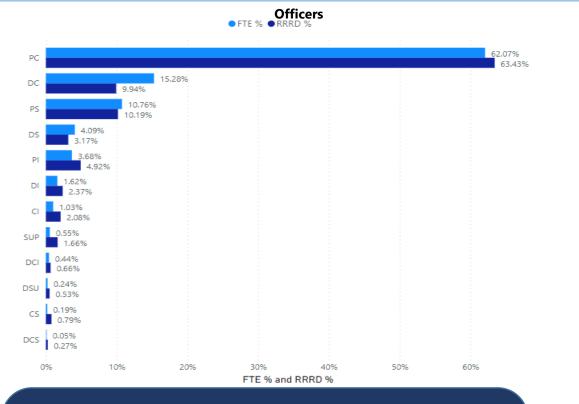


TOIL Balance (hrs) by Local Area/Division

The highest TOIL balance for staff appears in C3, at 9000 hours, followed by CJSD with 7474.9 hours.

These areas are also some of those in this cohort with the largest proportions of members of police staff (18.9% and 14.8% respectively).

RRRD Balances by Rank/Grade and Workforce Proportion – September snapshot



Officer group significant variations:

- PC (62.07% of officer FTE, 63.43% of RRRDs)
- PI (**3.68%** FTE / **4.92%** RRRDs)
- DS (4.09% FTE / 3.17% RRRDs)
- DC (15.28% FTE / 9.94% RRRDs)

25.23% GRADE 3 20.92% 24:06% GRADE 4 24.48% 13.25% GRADE GRADE 5.59% 7.61% GRADE GRADE 6 GRADE (9.40% 2.78% GRADE GRADE 10 GRADE GRADE 11 GRADE 12 0.37% GRADE 13 0.12% 25% 0% 5% 10% 15% 20% FTE % and RRRD %

Staff FTE %
RRRD %

Staff group significant variations:

- Grade 7 (7.61% of staff FTE / 17.07% RRRDs)
- Grade 8 (4.31% FTE, 9.40% of RRRDs)
- Grade 3 (25.23% FTE / 20.92% RRRDs)
- Grade 2 (11.41% FTE / 5.59% RRRDs)

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RRRD Balances by Business Area and Workforce Proportion – September snapshot Officers Staff FTE % Days in Bank % ● FTE % ● Days in Bank % 29.60% CORPORATE SERVICES 18,83% G DIVISION SPECIALIST CRIMI CRIM JUSTICE SERVICES SP The variance Q DIVISION SPECIALIST CRIM A DIVISION patterns of RRRD E DIVISION D DIVISION data continue to A DIVISIO J DIVISION indicate that there **U DIVISION** N DIVISIO P DIVISION is a stronger relationship N DIVISION K DIVISION between RRRDs C DIVISION L DIVISION and **business** CORPORATE SERVICES RIM JUSTICE SERVICE area than V DIVISIO K DIVISION 0.32% rank/grade. I DIVISION PPCW | 0.27% 15% 25% 30% FTE % and Days in Bank % FTE % and Days in Bank %

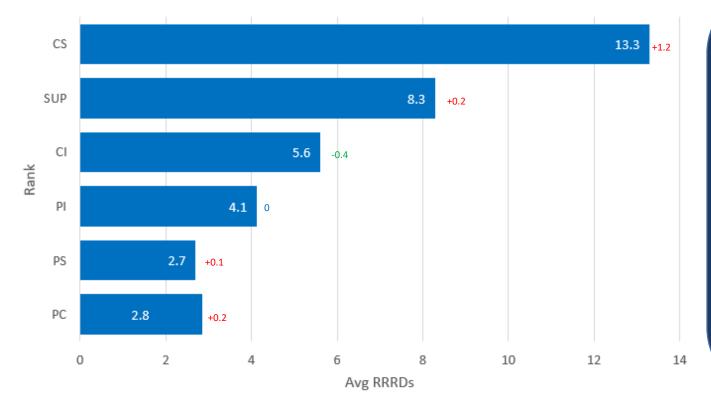
Officer group significant variations:

- Q Division (7.71% of officer FTE / 11.20% RRRDs)
- G Division (13.59% FTE, 16.60% of RRRDs)
- SCD (10.67% FTE / 7.96% RRRDs)
- D Division (5.11% FTE / 2.38% RRRDs)

- Staff group significant variations:
- SPA (**9.93%** of staff FTE, **29.55%** of RRRDs)
- G Division (1.40% FTE / 3.36% RRRDs)
- CJSD (**14.81%** FTE / **11.63%** RRRDs)
- Corporate Services* (**29.60%** FTE / **12.89%** RRRDs)

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Average RRRD by Rank – Officers – September snapshot



Avg RRRD by Rank

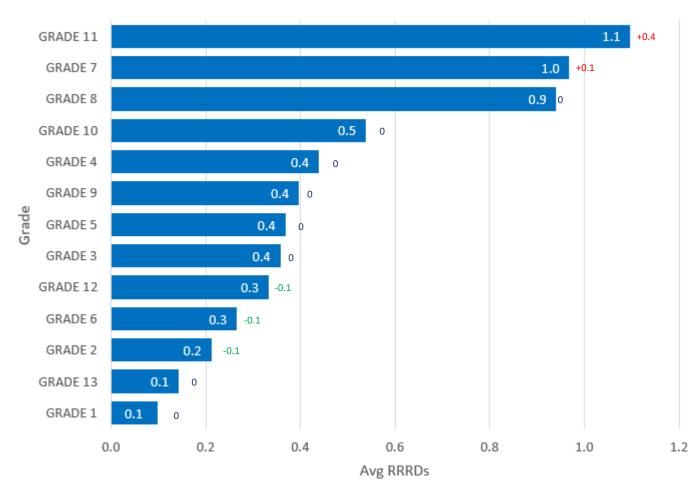
This graph shows how many RRRDs the "average" officer* at each rank had banked as at 30 September. Detective ranks have been amalgamated into a single bar per rank.

In general, the more senior in rank, the more RRRDs in the bank an average officer has. Changes to averages since the last quarter (June 2021) are illustrated in red (average increased) or green (average decreased) text.

A workforce agreement has been reached between Police Scotland and ASPS over the management of rest day balances.

Average RRRD by Grade – Staff – September snapshot

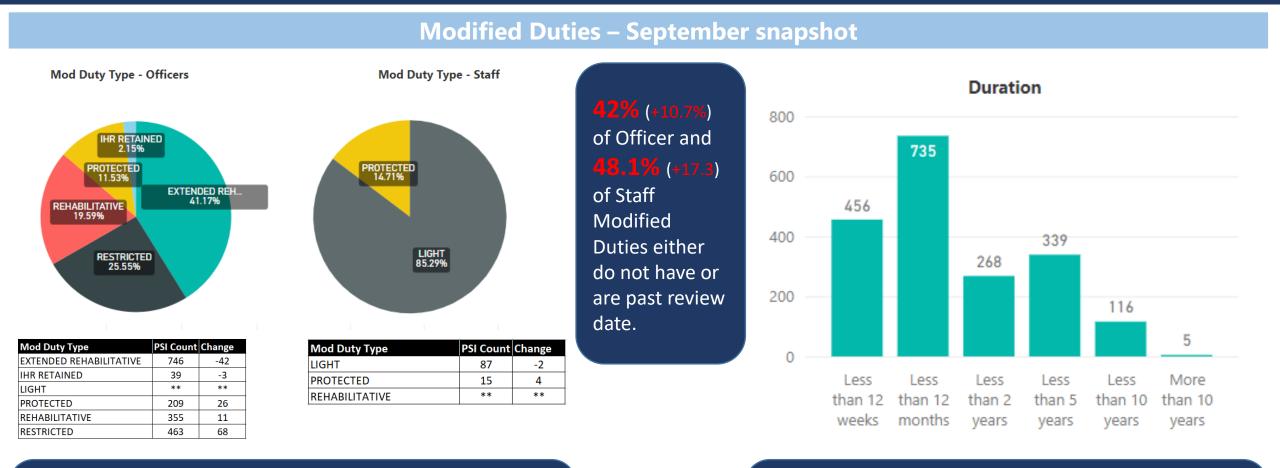
Avg RRRD by Grade



This graph shows how many RRRDs the "average" staff member at each grade had banked as at 30 September.

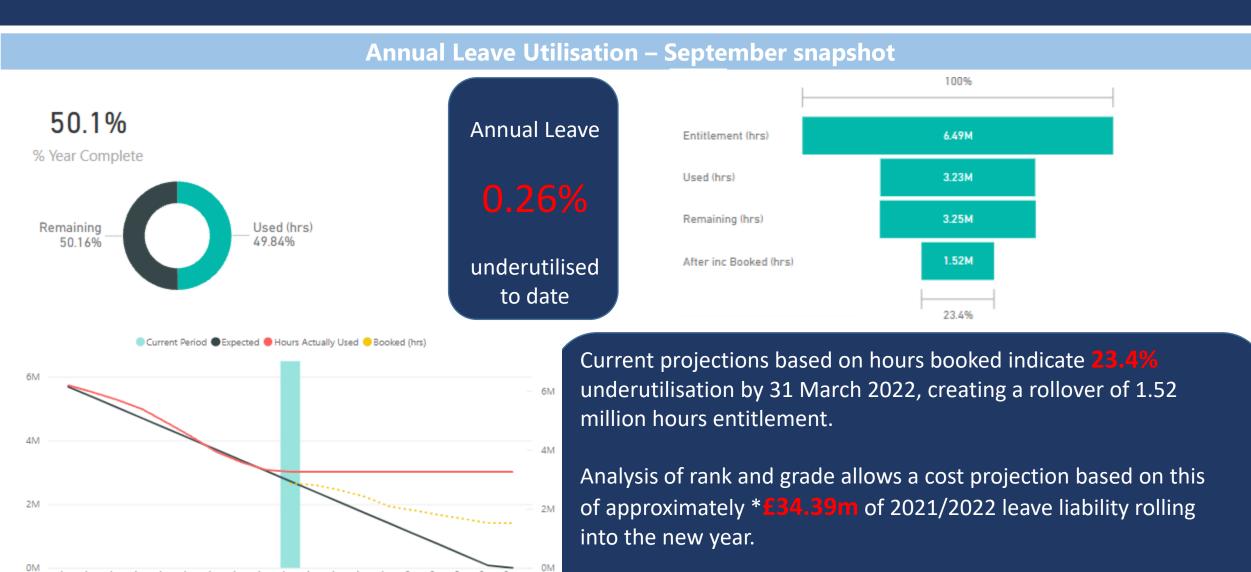
Changes to averages since the last quarter (June 2021) are illustrated in red (average increased) or green (average decreased) text.

Again, it should be noted that this graph compared each Grade against the full workforce data set, but not all staff are likely to be eligible for RRRDs.



475 new instances of Modified Duties during Q2 2021/22

460 Modified Duties (23.97% of total) have persisted beyond two years
121 Modified Duties (6.31% of total) have persisted beyond five years 30



*Excludes ACC, Director roles and above

SCoPE Errors

