

Agenda Item 4

Meeting	SPA Complaints & Conduct Committee					
Date	27 February 2025					
Location	Webex					
Title of Paper	SPA Quarterly Report (Q3 - 24/25)					
Presented By	Darren Paterson, Head of					
	Workforce Governance					
Recommendation to Members	For Discussion					
Appendix Attached	Yes -					
	Appendix A - SPA Complaints Overview					
	Appendix B - SPA Complaints Performance Report Q3 - 24/25					

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to:

• Update the Committee on complaints and conduct matters including key statistics reflecting the position at the end of Q3, 2024/25.

The paper is presented in line with:

• Scottish Police Authority Committee Terms of Reference

The paper is submitted:

For Discussion

1. BACKGROUND

1.1. This is a regular agenda item, containing updates on complaints and conduct matters within the SPA.

2. FURTHER DETAIL ON THE REPORT TOPIC

2.1. **SPA Complaints Performance**

- 2.1.1. Appendix A provides an overview of the complaint handling responsibilities of the SPA with explanatory text on reporting terminology.
- 2.1.2. The SPA Complaints Quarterly Performance Report, including key statistics reflecting the position at the end of Q3 2024/25, is attached as Appendix B to this report and provides comparison to the previous 7 quarters.

2.2. Workload Management

- 2.2.1. Detail on ongoing workload is presented as a separate agenda item at the private session of this meeting.
- 2.2.2. As previously reported, SPA dip-sampling of Police Scotland closed complaints is temporarily paused due to capacity challenges within the team. Following recent recruitment to the team, it is intended that this will resume in 2025/26.
- 2.2.3. Following the November Committee meeting, the fourth annual Committee-specific report, covering the business of the Committee during 2023-24, was published on the Authority website.

2.3. **Stakeholder Meetings**

- 2.3.1. The National Complaint Handling Development Group (NCHDG) met again on 5 December 2024, chaired by Superintendent Kate Stephen. The meeting was joined by staff from the Independent Office for Police Conduct (IOPC), who provided a presentation on their work, with a focus on how they assist policing with organisational learning through a variety of methods. In addition, the following was discussed:
 - Status update on progress of recommendations from the PIRC audit on the 6 stage Complaint handling process

- The introduction of Police Scotland's new complaint capture form, and plans to introduce capture of EDI information
- Update on engagement sessions with frontline policing divisions regarding themes identified around complaints, and how to help reduce these in future

2.4. Organisational Learning

2.4.1. The SPA is committed to promoting a culture of organisational learning. Opportunities are identified through a variety of sources including the handling of complaints within the remit of the SPA and PIRC Complaint Handling Reviews (CHRs) if applicable. No specific organisational learning opportunities have been identified during this reporting period.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1. There are no financial implications in this report.

4. PERSONNEL IMPLICATIONS

4.1. There are no personnel implications in this report.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1. There are no legal implications in this report.

6. REPUTATIONAL IMPLICATIONS

6.1. There are reputational implications associated with this paper. The report (alongside corresponding reports from Police Scotland and the PIRC) serves to highlight trends in respect of complaints received and performance in respect of complaints handling, enabling the Committee to seek assurance in this important area, recognising its key link to public confidence in policing in Scotland.

7. SOCIAL IMPLICATIONS

7.1. There are no social implications in this report.

8. COMMUNITY IMPACT

8.1. There are no community implications in this report.

9. EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS

9.1. There are no equality implications in this report.

10. ENVIRONMENT IMPLICATIONS

10.1. There are no environmental implications in this report.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Members are invited to discuss the contents of this report.



Appendix A

SPA Complaints Overview

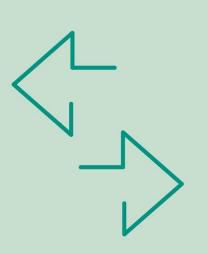
SPA Complaints Overview

- A complaint is an expression of dissatisfaction, and the SPA is responsible for handling complaints about: the SPA itself (including Forensic Services); members of SPA Corporate/Forensic Services staff; and senior officers of Police Scotland (i.e. Assistant Chief Constable, Deputy Chief Constable and Chief Constable).
- As at 20 January 2025, there are 14 officers of senior rank in Police Scotland and 666 staff working across SPA Corporate and Forensic Services functions.
- On receipt of a complaint, the SPA will complete an initial evaluation to determine who the complaint is about and if it is within its remit. For cases within the SPA remit, the initial assessment will ensure they are categorised and dealt with in the most appropriate manner (i.e. relevant complaint; grievance; whistleblowing concern; criminal allegation; misconduct allegation; or a miscellaneous case (which refers to enquiries or other correspondence received by the SPA)).
- A 'relevant complaint' is defined in legislation and is essentially a non-criminal complaint made by a member of the public. The SPA Complaints Performance Report mainly provides statistical information on relevant complaints within the remit of the SPA.
- A single complaint may consist of a number of component parts that can be determined separately. For the purposes of this report, these are referred to as 'allegations' and each complaint may include multiple allegations.
- The handling of relevant complaints are subject to the oversight of the PIRC, who have an expectation that such complaints should be completed within 40 working days.







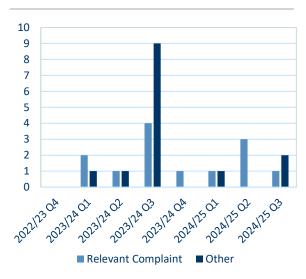




Highlights (8 quarter view)

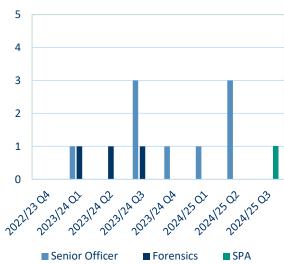
- In context of generally low volume of relevant complaints (and allegations), numbers remain largely consistent
- Majority of relevant complaints, and allegations, relate to senior officers
- 88% of allegations relate to On Duty complaints, the remaining 12% relate to complainers' dissatisfaction with the Quality of Service
- Early Stage Resolution remains an effective means of addressing complaints of a less serious nature (33% of allegations closed during period)
- Of the 9 complaints closed over the reporting period, 2 were out with the target completion time of 40 working days
- At the end of Q3, 3 complaints were ongoing
- Data excludes complaints received that are outside the SPA's mandate

Cases received



- Across the 8 quarter period, 48% of cases received (within SPA remit) classed as relevant complaints
- 'Other' cases include grievances, whistleblowing, misconduct allegations, criminal allegations etc
- Most cases received outside of SPA remit related to matters that have since been brought to the attention of Police Scotland's Professional Standards Department

Subject of complaints

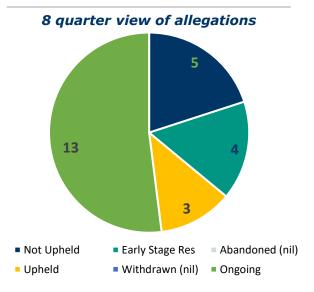


- The majority of relevant complaints (69%) relate to senior officers, although absolute volumes remain low
- Within these complaints, 26 individual allegations were made, with 77% relating to senior officers.

Determination

only

Beyond the first chart (Cases received) all other charts in this report refer to relevant complaints

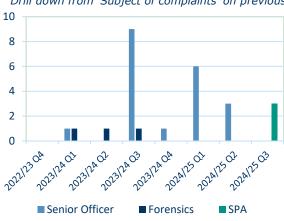


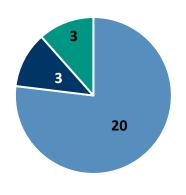
 Of the cases closed during the reporting period, 4 allegations were resolved by Early Stage Resolution (ESR) via explanation, assurance or apology.



Allegations by subject

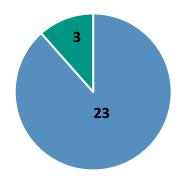
Drill down from 'Subject of complaints' on previous page





Allegations by category





Timescales to close

	22/23	23/24				24/25		
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Closed	0	2	0	1	1	1	1	3
Ave. working days to close	0	27	0	2	13	81	207	21
Cases closed beyond 40 working days								
Closed	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Days to close						81	207	

While the SPA aims to deal with relevant complaints within 40 working days, each complaint is unique, and a number of factors (such as complexity and seriousness) can impact timescales. The cases closed over 40 working days above can be attributed to:

- Requirement for case reviews by Forensic Services
- Delay in obtaining evidence out with the control of the Authority.